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Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

MONDAY, February 25, 1771.

From the London Evening Poſt.

In conſequence of the article which appeared in this paper on Tueſday laſt, concerning the report of Gibraltar being taken, the Printer has received the following intereſting letter.

To the Printer *of the* London Evening Poſt.

SIR,

AN article appeared in your paper (which is not remarkable for falſhood) on Tueſday night laſt, *That Gibraltar was taken by the French and Spaniards.* And it has been aſſerted, within theſe few days, that Jamaica is alſo taken by the ſame powers. Certain it is, that Count Chatelet (the French Ambaſſador here) ſet out on Monday laſt, in the dead of the night, for Paris. The middle of the night is not a time for an honeſt man to depart. The wiſh of France to deprive us of Gibraltar, appears by nothing more ſtrong than a fact, which is but little known. Before the invaſion of Minorca laſt war, it was deliberated in the French cabinet, Whether they ſhould attack Gibraltar or Minorca; the former was determined upon, and that, when it was conquered, it ſhould be given to Spain. But Ferdinand, the then King of Spain, refuſed to accept of their propoſal; ſo the French changed their plan, and attacked Minorca. That obſtacle is now removed. The preſent King of Spain is in the ſtricteſt and firmeſt alliance with France, by the family compact; and is moreover under the abſolute direction of the French Miniſter. The view of France is now, the ſame that it was then: for a proof of it, we need go no further back than the recent conqueſt of Corſica; which, to uſe the remarkable words in the King of Sardinia's laſt memorial, relative to Corſica (that lay for ſeveral weeks at our Court without an anſwer) is, *To acquire the Empire of the Mediterranean Sea.* Theſe words require no comment. The deſign is hoſtile to England and Ruſſia.

Whatever truth there may be in the reports concerning Gibraltar and Jamaica, it is certain they are both in imminent danger. Three times, upon his legs, this ſeſſion of Parliament, has Col. Barré told the Miniſtry of the weak condition of Gibraltar. But the Miniſtry, who are only the vindictive agents of Carlton-Houſe, attend to nothing but the perſecutions of their fellow-ſubjects; and every honeſt man, who has ſpirit enough to OFFER TRUTH TO HIS SOVEREIGN, is to be bro't before Lord Mansfield; is to be ruined by an expenſive proſecution, a ſevere impriſonment, and a heavy fine.—We ſhall never enjoy domeſtic happineſs, until the venom and influence of Carlton-Houſe are totally removed.—We have miniſterial authority, that a black cloud is gathering thick over this country;—for Sir Edward Hawke, when the ſeamen for 1770 were voted, declared, "*That* "*let who would be Miniſter next year, he* (the next "year's Miniſter) *would require an* addition *of* "ſix thouſand ſeamen."—Yet this CourtlyHouſe of Commons, or rather our Carlton-Houſe Miniſtry, who are, upon every occaſion, very complaiſant to the French and Spaniards, did not think proper to make an addition of only *two* thouſand ſeamen this year; which occaſioned Sir Edward Hawke (in the warmth of his chagrin) to make the above declaration. Diſguſted, however, as he muſt be, at finding his opinions ſlighted and contemned, yet he meanly ſubmits to prop the preſent ruinous, corrupt, and, in every reſpect, ſcandalous ſyſtem of government.—Such likewiſe is the influence of the Miniſtry over another aſſembly, that when two patriotic Lords moved for an addreſs to his Majeſty, to deſire he would put his Royal Navy on a more reſpectable footing, which was ſupported by the dignity and eloquence of the Earl of Chatham, yet the Charlton-Houſe fiat being ſhewn againſt it, the polite majority put a negative on the motion.

Having, I hope, ſhewn you the contempt with which our rulers treat the ſafety of this kingdom, I will give you a ſhort, but true account of the preparations which our enemies are making for war.

At the concluſion of the laſt war, France had not ten ſhips of the line fit for ſervice. She has now ſeventy-two ſhips of the line, beſides frigates, and others which are building. She has at leaſt forty thouſand ſeamen. (1) She has no leſs than ſeventeen thouſand men employed in the Newfoundland fiſhery, which is her great nurſery for ſeamen. During the laſt five years only, ſhe has expended no leſs than twenty-ſix millions ſterling upon her navy. (2) The annual revenues of France are eighteen millions: the French Clergy, who uſed to give eight millions to the King, now give fourteen millions; & the Miniſtry have abridged the King's private expences 200 oool. annually; all which ſums they have employed in encreaſing their fleet and army.) There are ſix and twenty ſhips of the line at Breſt; there is a fleet at Toulon; and the Spaniards have a very large fleet at Ferol. The French have at leaſt eight thouſand men at the Mauritius, ready to ſtrike in the Eaſt-Indies. And the French and Spaniards together, have, in the Weſt-Indies, five and twenty ſhips of the line, beſides frigates, and at leaſt four and twenty thouſand troops. This force is ſufficient to ſeize the Iſland of Jamaica; a conqueſt which the Spaniards have very much at heart.

Theſe are but a few particulars of the preparations made by our enemies to commence hoſtilities. Whether Gibraltar, or Jamaica, or both, be taken, a little time will ſhew. Certain it is, they are both in the greateſt danger. And Count Chatelet's ſtealing or running away, in the dead of the night (which is now a notorious fact) naturally leaves a diſagreeable alarm. In the mean time our Miniſters are conſidering of nothing but offering an hecatomb of Engliſhmen, to glut the vengeance of Carlton-Houſe. // They are neither willing, nor capable, of providing for the ſafety of Great-Britain and her dependencies.—When the danger is become ſo apparent, that it can no longer be concealed from the common eye, then, and not till then, will his Majeſty have permiſſion to ſolicit the aſſiſtance of thoſe able and honeſt men, who enjoy the confidence of the people.

February 21, 1771.

Meſſieurs EDES & GILL,

IN the well known Controverſy between Mr. White and the Diſſenting Gentleman, the former, in Defence of SPONSORS in Baptiſm, tells his Antagoniſt. "It is a groſs Miſtake to imagine that the Promiſes made by the *Sureties* concerning the future Faith and Practice of the Child, are made in their *own Name*; as if *they engaged* thereby, that, when it is grown up, it ſhall actually believe all the Articles of the Chriſtian Faith, ſhall renounce the Devil and all his Works, &c. Whereas the Church conſiders *theſe Anſwers*, as the CHILD'S *Anſwers*,—only made by its *Repreſentatives*: They contain its *Part* of the Baptiſmal Covenant or Contract: which, becauſe, by Reaſon of its tender Age, it cannot *itſelf* utter, is uttered by *its Sureties*,"

The Diſſenting Gentleman in Anſwer, ſays, "This Buſineſs of *a Child's* believing, promiſing, covenanting by *Repreſentative* or *Proxy*, is a Thing abſolutely inexplicable, impoſſible, and abſurd; a Thing utterly repugnant to Reaſon and common Senſe, and without the leaſt Shadow of Foundation in the *Chriſtian* Religion. For if by the Conſtitution of the Goſpel Covenant, a Child may *believe, repent, vow, promiſe* and *contract* by Proxy, he may alſo, no Doubt, *be ſaved* or *be damned* by Proxy." And he quotes the following Words of the learned Dr. Nichols, as containing Sentiments directly oppoſite to Mr. White's— "The Sureties in Baptiſm religiouſly ENGAGE for the Faith of the Baptiſed; that they SHALL ſincerely believe all that is revealed in the Goſpel, and SHALL direct the ſubſequent Actions of their Lives by the Laws of Chriſt." A Cloud of Witneſſes, I believe, (adds the Diſſenting Gentleman,) can be brought from the *Doctors* of *your* Church, whoſe Judgment is the ſame. But no Wonder, ſays he, the LEARNED differ in ſo myſterious a Point.

Quere, Whether if a Gentleman, whoſe *Learning and Abilities* are ſaid "to be *yet* rever'd by *ſome*, as the Offspring of *Genius* and *Study*"; and whoſe "*Graces* and *Virtue* flow from *Integrity* of *Heart*"; * of whom it has often been affirmed, that he is firmly attached to OUR religious conſtitution; if he or ſome of his zealous friends among the DOCTORS of OUR Church, ſhould clear up this *myſterious* Buſineſs of the *Sureties*, and their *Anſwers at the Font*, it would not be a very acceptable Service to the Cauſe of Chriſtianity; and poſſibly tend to remove the Impreſſions that may have been made by ſome *recent Tranſactions*, on the Minds of conſcientious People to the Diſadvantage of that *learned* Gentleman? Under the preſent dark, and ſeemingly impenetrable Clouds, which cover it, they think, with the Diſſenting Gentleman aforementioned, that "it turns the Ceremony of Baptiſm in a certain Church, into little elſe than *a ſolemn Triſle*; and furniſhes to Unbelievers Matter of everlaſting Ridicule and Contempt".

A. DISSENTER.

* Vid Conſtitutionalis on the Peace. Grace flows from Grace, and Virtue from Virtue.

From the ESSEX GAZETTE.

Mr. HALL,

The following lately came to hand, which you are deſired to publiſh in your patriotic Gazette.

To all the Free born Sons of America.

I HAVE long beheld with deteſtation the many injuries and inſults you have received from tyrannical miniſters, and their infamous tools, (the genuine offspring of my antient enemies, and the Popiſh Stuarts whom I ſubdued) continue your exertions in the glorious cauſe of Liberty, and baniſh all foreign ſuperfluities, eſpecially the deſtructive Tea, from which the greateſt revenue is drawn from you; and if your enemies continue their oppreſſions, I will ſoon point out a way for relief, a way in which you may relieve yourſelves, and put it out of the power of any vile Bute, Hillſborough, Bernard, or any other tyrants, ever to oppreſs you.

In the mean time, I am with peculiar affection, your aſſured friend, OLIVER CROMWELL.

Wilmington, February 18, 1771.

LAST Wedneſday died in this Place, a pious Matron, the Widow Sarah Jaquith, in the 90th Year of her Age; ſhe had been waiting in Faith and Patience many Years for the important Hour, which at laſt came very ſuddenly. She had been the Mother of ſixteen living Children, ten of which ſhe left living, viz. Five Sons and five Daughters, all in married Life and comfortable Circumſtances; and 68 Grand Children, 166 Great Grand Children, & four Great Great Grand Children in all 248 living Off-ſpring.

"*The Generation of the Upright ſhall be bleſſed.*"

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Sam. A. Otis, *at* his Store No. 1: Butler's Row.
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N. B. *Fiſh or Rum will be taken in Pay for the above Articles*

All Perſons who have any Demands on, or are indebted to the Eſtate of Capt. John Miller, late of Charleſtown, deceaſed, are deſired to apply to the Subſcribers, Executors and Executrix of his laſt Will and Teſtament. JAMES RUSSELL,
Charleſtown, Feb. 25, 1771. THADEUS MASON,
ELIZABETH MILLER.

All Perſons indebted to, or that have any Demands on the Eſtate of Mr. Thomas Bird, late of Dorcheſter, Tanner, deceas'd, are deſired ſpeedily to bring in their Accounts to Thomas Bird, & Ezekiel Bird, Adminiſtrators, and to ſettle the ſame immediately.

LOST on the 14th Inſtant, a Ticket in Fanueil-Hall Lottery, Letter I, No. 2242 Whoever has found the ſame, and will bring it to the Printers here of, ſhall be rewarded for their Trouble. The right Owner has ſpoke to the Manager to ſtop Payment in Caſe it ſhould prove a Prize.

// The Princeſs Dowagers Palace. ◊ Meant Gover.° Hutchinson, who Stood Sponsor for 2 Children viz mr Apthorps & Comodore Gambiers. } ? Supposed to allude to Doct. Pemberton & Eliot. vid. pa. 3072–393.

Turn to Index Vol. 2

House of Lords.

vid Yea & Nay pa. 735 Vol. 1

(1) She has [illegible] in time of peace, an army of 200000; in time of War, 400,000 Soldiers—See Guthrie's Grammer, under France.

(2). vid pa. 384 & pa. 256—Vol. 4.

Meſſrs. Edes & Gill,

You will oblige one of your conſtant Readers, by giving the following a Place in your valuable Paper.

THERE are a certain ſet of men among us, who are called Tories, and who are oftentimes obliged to have recourſe to a refuge of lies to ſupport their ſide of the queſtion. Will it be neceſſary at this time of day to enquire who they are? If ſo, let the anſwer be, all ſuch as are willing to ſell the Liberty of their Country for a luxurious maintenance, as Eſau did his birthright: Among whom are the C—s of the C—s, and their train of dependents & expectants, Penſioners, &c. who make up a very black catalogue. The moſt excellent ſpeech of Lord C——m, that worthy Patron of Liberty and the Rights of Mankind, has been ſneered at by them: And when no particular part of it could be juſtly found Fault with, they have ſaid it is the ſpeech of a crazy man, and that he is a bankrupt. If ſuch a ſpeech is the criterion of a crazy man, it will be difficult to find out what will determine a man, to be a man of ſenſe. That he is a bankrupt, is not the truth of fact: But will the admitting it, alter the nature of the ſpeech; will it add to or take from the propriety of it? Is it an inſurmountable difficulty to conceive that a poor man can ſpeak ad rem, and much more ſo than one in more affluent circumſtances? My mind with the greateſt eaſe can conceive the contrary, that many who are continually rolling over the pavement of this and other places in their chariots, would make but a miſerable figure in the ſenate: tho' they may be called polite gentlemen and agreable companions at the tea table or aſſembly room. Scurrility, ſlander and defamation, are the only weapons ſome men are poſſeſſed of: and in the uſe of them they very frequently like a drowning man catch at a ſtraw, and as often fall with it to the bottom. Where is the man on either ſide of the atlantick, that dares ſay any part of the ſpeech of the noble Lord before mentioned, is not true: and that is able, after he has pronounced it falſe, to make it appear? The charges he has brought againſt the miniſtry, are beyond all doubt, juſt, and can be maintained, and for which I hope they will receive an adequate puniſhment. The revolution of a few months may determine the political exiſtenee at leaſt, of many of the ſervants of the Crown in Britain and America, and hurl them down from their elevated ſtations, to ſuch ſituations as ſhall be more adapted to their capacities, and of conſequence as ſhall be more for the good of King and People. To rouſe the people to a due ſenſe of their danger, and to lead them into meaſures that muſt tend to place Engliſh liberty upon its ancient baſis, was the worthy deſign of the noble Lord in his ſpeech: notwithſtanding which we find, that he meets with inſults in Britain as well as America. As an inſtance of it let us turn our thoughts to a piece publiſhed not long ago in the Evening-Poſt, and taken from an Engliſh paper, ſigned Hildebrand Hothead.* This writer would make a figure at Billingſgate. His whole aim ſeems to be, to take off the affections of the people from the moſt able ſupporters of their rights & privileges, and to place them upon thoſe who have endeavoured and are ſtill uſing their ſtrongeſt efforts to build themſelves up, upon the ſandy foundation of the ruin of their country. Tho' I would not wiſh him a more arduous Taſk, yet I think it prudent to have every one upon his guard. Let every American, as well as every Briton, regard all ſuch as appear to have theſe two noble ends in view, viz. the glory of God, and the good of mankind. Theſe are inſeparably connected: For to ſay that a man has a particular regard to the glory of God in his actions, and cares not how much his conduct injures his neighbour; or to ſay that he, who pays no regard to the glory of God, is very careful to avoid doing his neighbour an injury, is to pronounce a paradox, which will demand time for a ſolution. Let every Engliſhman in this day of public diſtreſs, pray to God to ſucceed the means that are uſing or may be uſed to deliver the nation from its preſent troubles, and to avert the impending Bondage.

Boſton, Feb. 14. PHILO-PATRIÆ.

(1.) vid the Taking of it pa. 311.

The following Paragraphs are Parts of ſome of the Speeches which were made in the Debates at Home, not yet publiſhed here.

Lord C——m,

"A noble Lord (Lord Weymouth) continued he, has told us, that it is neceſſary to cultivate peace, and has enlarged much upon the inhumanity of war, and the deſire he has to prevent the effuſion of human blood. I have as little deſire to plunge this nation into an unneceſſary war, as the noble Lord can have; but hoſtilities have been commenced againſt a kingdom, not uſed to ſuffer any inſults to paſs unrevenged. I wiſh the noble Lord had always entertained theſe ſentiments of humanity; the people would then have had no reaſon to lament the ſpilling of innocent blood in St. George's-fields, by the violence of his Lordſhip's politics.

"It has been inſinuated, that the public credit of the nation may be affected, if this motion ſhould be complied with. Let us conſider who are the people that ſuffer moſt by the fluctuation of your funds. Your little dirty money-jobbers, bloodſuckers, muck-worms, commiſſaries, and contractors. Theſe are the men that have thrown down all diſtinctions of men in this country. I equally deſpiſe them all, from the jobber in the Alley, to Aſiatic plunderers in Leaden-hall-ſtreet.

After having thrown out ſeveral animadverſions on the conduct of the preſent miniſtry, he added.

"It has been inſinuated, that men, and not meaſures, have ever, lately, been the objects of my reſentment. I do aſſure the gentlemen in adminiſtration, that I do not envy them their places, that I have no wiſhes of my own to diſpoſſeſs them, nor do I know that any of my friends aſpire to ſuch *dangerous honors*. I leave them in the full enjoyment of their places, ſatisfied that the loud voice of public juſtice cannot always ſue in vain."

To which it was replied.

"It has been mentioned, that the preſent miniſters are favoured with the ſmile of Court. Upon my word, I think that the ſmiles of a court are deſirable things; there are many advantages to be found in them; but I remember an adminiſtration in this country, (meaning the Rockingham) and, in my opinion, the worſt this country ever had, that was never even once ſmiled upon by the court, during the whole time they were in office."

In reply, the Marquis of Rockingham aſked, "whether the adminiſtration that preceded his, (meaning Lord S——'s) went out of office with the ſmiles of the court." To this no anſwer was given.

Lord Chatham, in a certain place, having aſſerted, that the monied intereſt of the city of London were blood ſuckers the muck-worms of the conſtitution; that all their aim was to get loans and commiſſary ſhips; but that at the ſame time he regarded the middling citizens, who preferred laws and liberty to loans and contracts.—The Duke of Richmond obſerved, on what Lord Chatham had ſaid, and that he joined him hand and heart, on the violated right of election and all other great conſtitutional points; that his conſcience obliged him to it, knowing the rectitude of Lord Chatham's intentions; but that his conſcience would not ſuffer him to be ſilent at the indiſcriminate cenſure which the noble Lord, in the warmth of debate, had thrown on ſome of the worthieſt men in this kingdom. If, by the monied intereſt, ſays he, the noble Lord means thoſe adulating wretches, thoſe miſerable aldermen, who oppoſed petitions and remonſtrances, merely to gain loans and contracts for themſelves, who bartered their laws and liberties for gold, I do moſt heartily concur with him; but I muſt, at the ſame time, aſſert, that there is a majority of the monied intereſt of very different principles. One inſtance will be ſufficient: the late Lord Mayor, who is one of the firſt merchants, and one of the honeſteſt men in the kingdom; a man who oppoſed government in their invaſion of our laws, and who ſupported government by backing preſs-warrants, when he perceived his country was in danger. I concur with my noble friend in his merited commendation on thoſe who prefer liberty to gold. The Common-councilmen of London I reſpect for their firmneſs; and for their honor and integrity, I ſhall ever revere and honor them.

Beſides the motion made by the Duke of Richmond, on Thurſday, in the Upper Room of the Society, as given in this paper on Saturday, and the true numbers on which were, For 26, Againſt 81, there were two other motions, both of which were carried in the negative. The firſt of theſe was in ſubſtance, To know what claims have been ſet up by the Spaniards to Falkland Iſland? The ſecond was, To have copies and extracts of all letters or papers reſpecting the Spaniſh land and ſea forces in the Weſt-Indies, on or ſince June 1769; as alſo reſpecting the departure of any naval armaments or land forces from Old Spain, during the ſame period.

The Duke of Richmond aſſerted in a certain aſſembly, that upwards of two thouſand of the beſt Engliſh ſailors are at this time rotting in the jails of Spain, having been ſeized on frivolous pretences; many of them on no other charge than that of having a ſingle dollar in their pockets.

CHARLES-TOWN, (S. Carolina) Jan. 21.

On the 14th of laſt Month fourteen Tranſports arrived at Porto Rico, having two Regiments on board, with which the Troops, on that Iſland only, amount to five Regiments.

About five weeks ago a Veſſel arrived expreſs from Old Spain at the Havana, with orders for putting all parts of the Spaniſh Weſt Indies in the beſt State poſſible to reſiſt every Attack, in Conſequence of which they have been ever ſince at Work, Night and Day. All the Inhabitants of Cuba who reſided near the Coaſt have, by Orders from the Governor, removed with their Effects into the interior Parts of the Iſtand.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 31.

Laſt Friday ſe'nnight, in the afternoon, one Run, a poor labouring man, who lives at Fairhill meeting, on Germantown road, going on ſome buſineſs to Kenſington, was met by two men in a bye road, who inquired, where he was going, his buſineſs, and inſiſted that he had money about him; upon his telling them he was a poor man, and had no money, they ſearched him, and not finding any thing, one of the fellows ſaid they would mark him, and attempted to cut his throat, but luckily miſſed the windpipe; he then cut him acroſs the belly (thro' one of which his entrails might be ſeen) and left him; in which condition he lay till next day, when he was found by his wife, who went in ſearch of him, and carried him home, where he now lies dangerouſly ill.

Feb. 7. The accounts from Liſbon agree, that the Portugueſe are determined to remain neuter, if poſſible, in caſe of a rupture between England and Spain.

NEW-YORK, February 14.

Major Butler of the 29th Regiment, was lately married at Charleſtown, (S. Carolina) to Miſs Middleton, Daughter of Col. Middleton.

A Letter from Charleſtown, South-Carolina, dated the 24th of January, from a Perſon lately from Port-au-Prince, to his friend in this City, adviſes, that at Port-au Prince there was the greateſt Apprehenſions of War, a Frigate juſt arrived from France, reported, that War was proclaimed both in France and Spain, againſt England, where 40 Tenders were conſtantly employed in preſſing Men, that the Spaniards made Prizes of all the Engliſh Veſſels they could take; and that in Conſequence of theſe Advices, they were uſing the utmoſt Diligence to repair the Fortifications, mounting Guns in the Forts, and were loading Veſſels with Guns and other Military Stores, to ſend to the outer Ports.

Tueſday Morning arrived, the Ship Riſing Sun, Capt. Anthony Aſkey, in 15 Days from St. Euſtatia. Two days before he left Euſtatia, arrived a Brig and a Schooner from New-England, and a Sloop, Capt. Wheaton, from New-York, they had all been in bad Weather, the Brig and Schooner had loſt their Foremaſts, and the Sloop her Bowſprit. Capt. Wheaton brought in a Molatto Man, whom he took from the Wreck of a Veſſel foundered at Sea, one of the other Veſſels alſo brought in the Captain and a Foremaſt Man, whom he took from the Wreck of another foundered Veſſel and were all that were ſaved from theſe two Veſſels, a third Veſſel ſhared the ſame Fate, and every Soul periſhed. Theſe three foundered Veſſels belonged to New-England, but their Names not remembered.

It was reported at Euſtatia, that 14 or 15 ſail of French or Spaniſh Veſſels, with Forces on board, were lying at Porto Rica, where they ſeemed to expect an Attack from the Engliſh, were preparing for Defence, and had taken Meaſures for evacuating the Town on the approach of the Engliſh.

The Storm on Friday Night laſt (which did great Damage to the Wharfs, Docks, and Small Craft, as well as to Goods in the Cellars, which were overflowed) was ſucceeded by hard Gales of northerly Winds, which have continued almoſt inceſſantly ever ſince, with the ſevereſt Cold we have had this Winter, and have ſo much retarded the Poſts, that the Mails from the Weſtward of Friday laſt, and thoſe Eaſtward of Saturday, did not get in till Tueſday Night.

HARTFORD, Feb. 19.

On Tueſday evening laſt, the following ſurpriſing accident happened a Southington, a pariſh in Farmington, Mrs. Rhoda Lee, the wife of Jared Lee, Eſq; fitting up ſome time after the reſt of the family were a-bed, was found fallen into the fire, and her cloaths and even fleſh incircled in the flames, exhibiting a moſt amazing ſpectacle to her conſort, who being wak'd (probably by the unuſual light and noiſe of the fire) was the firſt who ſaw the affecting cataſtrophe; it ſeems moſt probable upon conſideration of all the circumſtances, that having prepared to go to bed, undreſſed herſelf in part, buried up the fire carefully, ſet back the chairs, &c. ſhe was ſeized with ſome fit as ſhe was riſing from her ſeat to go to bed, and fell forward, upon a quantity of hot coals, and there lay without any conſiderable ſtruggle, as her ſhoes were only ſlip'd on, were found on her feet, which ſeems to indicate that ſhe died inſtantly.

NEWPORT, February 18.

The Sloop Hope, Henry Grinnell, Maſter, arrived here laſt Tueſday from St. Euſtatia, which Place he left the 21ſt of laſt Month,—Mr. George Sears, the Supercargo, informs, that by Accounts daily received at Statia from Martinico and Guadaloupe, there were at leaſt 100 Privateers at the different Ports in thoſe Iſlands, the greater Part of which were manned and ready to put to Sea immediately upon the Declaration of War: And that the Account from Salem, of 13 Spaniſh Men of War paſſing by that Iſland, muſt be premature, as he was there at the ſame Time, but heard nothing of ſuch a Fleet.

Laſt Wedneſday arrived here the Brig Polly, Capt. Giles Stanton, from St. Nichola Mole, which Place he left the 16th of January; on the 26th, Lat. 30, Lon. 71, 30, lying to in a violent Gale of Wind, a Sea ſtruck the Veſſel and laid her on her Beam-Ends, ſo that ſome of the Men on the Fore-Yard were buried under Water ſome Time, and the Captain waſhed overboard, but happily catch'd by the Quarter Rail, and got in again; the ſame Sea carried their Long-Boat away, and ſhifted the Hold, by which great Loſs was ſuſtained in the Cargo.

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† Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms. ‖ See the Speech page 384. —— Chatham. * See Page 390. ∨ See L^d Weymouth's Letter pa. 472. Vol. 2. ∧ Barlow Trecothic Esqr. = House of Lords. ∂ in Taking Falkland Islands. vid page 311. ∈ vid. pa. 188. Vol. 2. ∓ In expelling Wilkes & placing Luttrel in his Room. vid pa. 535—538—550. Vol. 2.

By a Veſſel lately arrived from the Grenades, we have certain Information of the Death of Capt. Nathan Carpenter, only Son of the late Col. Hezekiah Carpenter of this Town.

PROVIDENCE, Feb. 16.

Several Veſſels are arrived at Newport from the Weſt-Indies, and, bring Advice that the Spaniards and French continue to make great Preparations for War.—It was reported in Statia, that 160 Sail of Veſſels were fitted for Privateers at Martineco and Guadaloupe, and ready to proceed on a Cruize at an Hour's Notice, whenever a Declaration of War ſhould take Place. We further learn, that an Engliſh Schooner had arrived at Statia, the Maſter of which informed, that near that Place he was brought to and robbed by a Spaniſh armed Veſſel; that the Spaniards ſtripped and bound his Crew, telling them that war was declared, and after whipping them ſeverely, ſuffered the Veſſel to proceed on her Voyage.

Crops were like to be good in moſt of the Iſlands.

PORTSMOUTH February 22.

From the Eaſtward we hear of the following ſad Accidents.

The 18th of laſt Month John Labarre, a young Man of about 18 Years of Age, ſcating on Kennebeck River, was drowned.

The 30th, the Houſe of Mr. Todd, late of Newbury, but now of George-Town, was conſumed by Fire, with the Furniture; but what is ſtill more ſhocking, one of his Sons 19 Years of Age, was conſumed in the Flames, and two others ſo burnt their Lives are diſpair'd of.

About the ſame Time, two young Gentlemen from Boſton, viz. Mr. John Shannee, & Mr. John Davies, going down the River Kennebeck on the Ice, in a Slay, the Horſes both fell through & were drowned, but with great difficulty the Gentlemen happily ſaved themſelves.

Five Coaſting Veſſels were caſt away, we hear, in the late Storm, between this Port and Cape Elizabeth, and one or two Lives loſt, but who they are or any further Particulars, cannot at preſent learn. Many Veſſels it's fear'd are aſhore further to the Eaſtward.

In the late ſevere Storm, many old Buildings and large Trees, in different Places, were blown down. The Meeting Houſe at Kittery Point, received conſiderable Damage.

We hear from Falmouth, Caſco-Bay, that laſt Week died there Mr. James Freeman, eldeſt Son of the Hon. Enoch Freeman, Eſq; of that Town, a young Gentleman, well reſpected.

The Weather has been very cold for a fortnight paſt, during the moſt of which Time our Streets in Town & Roads in the Country have been moſt extraordinary ſlippery, ſo that many Perſons contrary to their inclinations have been brought low, and ſome Bones broke.

BOSTON, February 25.

Tueſday laſt as Mr. Edward Green was coming from Watertown in a Chaiſe, the Horſe taking Fright, and being in Danger of overſetting, he jumped out, and in his Fall broke the two Bones of one of his Legs.

The Captain of a Veſſel lately arrived at Cape-Ann, ſometime the Beginning of laſt Month, ſpoke the Ship Newry Packet, Charles Robinſon, Maſter, in Latt. 19. 95. N. Long. 25, 00. Weſt from Philadelphia to Newry, out 30 Days, all well.

On Friday laſt as two Women belonging to the 14th Regiment were croſſing the Ice at the South End of this Town, they both fell through, and altho' they were ſoon taken out by the Aſſiſtance of the Town's People, yet one of them, Suſannah Mills, was ſo chil'd with the cold, that ſhe expir'd immediately; the other is like to do well.

Some Days ago was brought to this Market and ſold by Mr. Joſeph Voſe of Milton, an extraordinary Fat Sheep rais'd by Capt. John Pierce of Dighton, which weighed Thirty Pounds a Quarter, the Tallow weighed Twenty Two Pounds, and judged by all who ſaw it to be the fatteſt that ever was brought to this Market, or any other. Lt. Gov. Hutchinſon purchaſed one Side, and the Hon. John Hancock, Eſq; the other. Mr. Voſe now has by him Twenty Sheep, which will each weigh Twenty Pounds a Quarter.

Thurſday laſt Mr. John Andrews of this Town, Merchant, was married to Miſs Ruth Barrell, an agreeable young Lady.

We have an Account from New-York of the Death of Mrs. *Rebecca Bayard*, aged 24 Years, Conſort to Major *Robert Bayard*, and Daughter to the late *Charles Apthorp*, Eſq; of this Town.

William Shepard, Eſq; is appointed Tide-Surveyor for the Port of Boſton, in the Room of Mr. James Hill, deceaſed.

☞ All Perſons indebted for this Paper, whoſe Accounts have been above Twelve Months ſtanding, are requeſted to make immediate Payment.

We hear that Sir Thomas Rich, late Capt. of the Senegal, is appointed Capt. of the Gibraltar Frigate, in the Room of Capt. Bond, who has reſigned; and Mr. Thompſon, late Lieutenant of the Saliſbury, is appointed Captain of the Senegal.

Wedneſday the Gibraltar Man of War ſailed for South Carolina.

Between 2 and 3 o'Clock laſt Friday Morning, a Fire was diſcovered in the Store of Ephraim May, adjoining to his Dwelling-Houſe, at the ſoutherly Part of this Town, which was happily ſoon extinguiſh'd. This Fire, as it is ſuppos'd, was occaſion'd by a Spark flying into a Baſket of Coal the preceeding Evening; which gradually kindled, and beſides burning almoſt thro' the Side of the Store, had communicated itſelf to and penetrated two thirds thro' the Stave of an Hogſhead of Rum; the Conſequence of which, had it not been ſo timely diſcover'd, would have ſet all in a Flame. But tho' the Danger was ſo great, very little if any Damage is ſuſtain'd.

We hear from Peterſham, That on the 8th Inſtant, the Houſe of Mr. Eliakim Spooner of that Place, was with all his Furniture and Proviſions, conſum'd by Fire.

A few Days ago died here, aged 85 Years, Mr. Samuel Robinſon, Bookbinder.

Died at Charleſtown, Miſs Sheaffe, aged 25, Daughter of Edward Sheaffe, Eſq; of that Place.—At Eaſt Windſor; Mrs. Eſther Edwards, aged 99 Years, Mother of the late eminent and learned Jonathan Edwards, Preſident of New-Jerſey College.

Died at Salem, aged 68 Years, Mrs. Abiel Fowler, Widow; who had been a School-miſtreſs, except an Interval of a few Years after ſhe married, 50 Years.—At Beverly, aged 96, Mr. Richard Byles, who has left 5 Children, and a numerous Family of Grand-Children and Great Grand-Children, and one of the fifth Generation. The whole Number ſaid to exceed 130.

We hear from Bridgwater, That ſome Time ſince died there, a Man, who had lived in that Town, in a married State, with one Woman, in one Houſe, Sixty Years, always kept a large Family, and there never was a Birth, or a Death in the Houſe, in all that Time.

On WEDNESDAY next, 27th Inſt.

Will be ſold by Public Vendue at the Store of the late Thomas Tyler, Eſq; North-Side of the Town-Dock,

All his Stock in Trade, conſiſting

of a great Variety of Hard Ware Goods.

J. RUSSEL, Auctioneer.

Wedneſday next—Ten o'Clock.

For the Benefit of Mr. *JOAN.*

Will be performed

A Grand CONCERT,

of Vocal and Inſtrumental Muſic at CONCERT-HALL, on THURSDAY the 7th of March next.

N. B. Between the Acts will be performed ſome ſelect Pieces on the Forte Piano and Guittar, by Mr. *Propert*.

*** Tickets to be had of the Printers, or of himſelf, at his Houſe in Hanover-ſtreet, at Half-Dollar each.

John Lambert, & Son,

TAKE this Opportunity to acquaint their Cuſtomers and others, that they ſtill continue to Build and Repair Whale-Boats and all ſorts of Lap Streak Boats—and likewiſe ſell Cedar Boards and Pine ditto. Any Gentlemen that may want any of ſaid Lamberts Work, they will be obliged to them to apply immediately, as ſeveral Gentlemen could not be ſupply'd for this Year or Two paſt for the Reaſon of their not ſpeaking in Time. Said Lamberts keeps their Shop oppoſite the Two Pelarverers, North-End, of Boſton.

Aſhburnham, in the County of Worceſter, Feb. 19, 1771.

THE Proprietors met agreable to the Notification, and adjourned ſaid Meeting to the 20th Day of March, at Nine o'Clock in the Forenoon, to meet at the White-Horſe Tavern in Boſton, there to act upon the ſeveral Articles in the Notification, alſo to enlarge the Number of the Committee for the Sale of Lands, if they think proper, one of the Gentlemen being deceaſed.

ISAAC STEARNS, Moderator.

TO BE SOLD

By Benjamin Church,

On THURSDAY EVENING next,

At his uſual Place of Sale;

BRoad Cloths—Serges,—Plains,—Callimancoes,—Baizes wide and narrow—Checks—Iriſh Hollands—Cambricks—Mens, Womens & Childrens Hoſe—Ravens Duck—Oznabrigs—Handkerchiefs, &c. Houſe Furniture, as Tables, Chairs, Feather Beds, &c. Wearing Apparel, Watches, &c.

Caſh given for Pot and Pearl

ASHES, by COLBORN BARRELL, at his Store near Spear's Wharff; where he has to ſell at the loweſt Rates for Caſh down, a Variety of Engliſh Goods and Stationary, Window Glaſs, Flour, Weſt-India and New-England Rum, Gold and Silver Watches, Bohea, Souchong and Hyſon Tea, &c. &c.

TO BE SOLD cheap for Caſh,

At the Houſe of Mrs. *Brown*, near the Friends Meeting, in Water-Street,

A fine Aſſortment of Jewellery,

among which are Ladies Shoe Buckles, Earings, Sprigs, Hair-Combs, Solitairs, Knots, Hair Garlands, &c. all curiouſly ſet with the fineſt Marcaſite and Plate, in the neweſt Faſhion; Gold and Silver Watches, among which is one for a Lady, of moſt curious & extraordinary Workmanſhip.—Alſo fine India painted Silks, in exact Patterns for a Lady's Sack and Coat, fine black Genoa Velvet, Sarſnets, Handkerchiefs, Lawn Aprons, Engliſh & Flanders Lace, Ruffles for Gentlemen, Thread Lace of all ſorts, and a compleat Aſſortment of Blond Lace, Italian Flowers, Caps, &c. with a great Variety of other Articles, too tedious to mention.

N. B. The Perſon who has the above Goods to ſell, will tarry in Town but Eight or Ten Days.——

Attendance will be given at the above mentioned Place every Day this Week from *Ten* to *Twelve* in the Forenoon, and from *Three* to *Six* in the Afternoon.

Boſton, Feb. 23, 1770.

Private Lodgings for Gentlemen,

in a convenient Part of the Town, may be had. Inquire of Edes & Gill.

TO BE SOLD BY

Archibald Cunningham,

At his Shop in Fore-Street, near the Draw-Bridge;

SMALL green Capers lately arrived, by the Bottle or Pound; new Jarr Raiſins; choice Hyſon Tea at four Dollars per Pound, and Souſhong Tea at two Dollars per ditto; Bohea Tea and green Coffee by the Hundred or Dozen; the beſt of new Currants by the Hundred or ſingle Pound; fine Florence Oyl, neat as imported from Leghorn, by the Cheſt or ſingle Flaſk; Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon and Mace, by the large or ſmall Quantity; Oatmeal per Buſhel; Pepper, Alliſpice, Saltpetre, Chocolate, Kippen's Snuff, Scotch Pigtail Tobacco by the Hundred or Pound, Pins by the Dozen of all Sorts; Brown and Loaf Sugar, Durham Muſtard in large and ſmall Bottles, Rice, with a good Aſſortment of Glaſs, Delph and Cream-coloured Ware. (F.25.6w.)

A hearty young Woman, with a

good young Breaſt of Milk, that can be well recommended, would go into a Gentleman's Family to ſuckle.

Enquire of Edes and Gill.

THIS DAY PUBLISHED,

And is now ready to be delivered to the SUBSCRIBERS, and to all who now chuſe to become Subſcribers for the other two volumes.

The FIRST VOLUME, ſewed in blue Boards, Price ONE DOLLAR,

Of the following celebrated Work;——praiſed—quoted—and recommended in the Britiſh Houſe of Lords, by the moſt illuminated and illuminating of all modern Patriots, WILLIAM PITT, now Earl of Chatham.

The HISTORY

OF THE REIGN OF

CHARLES THE FIFTH,

EMPEROR of GERMANY:

And of all the KINGDOMS & STATES in Europe, during his Age.

To which is prefixed, a View of the PROGRESS of SOCIETY in EUROPE, from the Subverſion of the Roman Empire, to the Beginning of the Sixteenth Century: Confirmed by Hiſtorical Proofs and Illuſtrations.

IN THREE VOLUMES,

By WILLIAM ROBERTSON, D.D. PRINCIPAL of the Univerſity of Edinburgh, and HISTORIOGRAPHER to his Majeſty for Scotland: AUTHOR of the late elegant Hiſtory of Scotland.

N. B. This Volume, now publiſhed, is an intereſting and entertaining inveſtigation of the tranſactions of mankind, and contains a curious and elegant hiſtory of the human race for ſeveral years.—Subſcriptions for the ſubſequent volumes are received by *Edes & Gill*——Subſcribers in Salem may be ſupplied by Mr. *Samuel Orne*; and thoſe in Portſmouth, by Mr. *William Appleton* Bookſeller there.

The Creditors to the Eſtate of

the late *Henry Vaſſal*, Eſq; are notified, that the Time limited to prove their Claims, expires the 27th inſtant.

See Draper's Paper of Sept. 20th laſt.

STRAY'D from NATHAN WYMAN of Woburn, a red Heifer Calf, now about one Year old, the Tip of the near Ear cut off. Whoever will give Information of ſaid Calf to ſaid Wyman, ſhall be ſatisfied for their Trouble.

TO BE LETT,

Two genteel Tenements pleaſantly

ſituated. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

(No Entres receiv'd this Week)

Burials in the Town of BOSTON, ſince our laſt,

Seven Whites. No Blacks.

Baptiz'd in the ſeveral Churches, Eight

High Water at BOSTON *for this preſent Week.*

Monday,	40 min. after 7	Friday,	38 min. after 11
Tueſday,	38 min. after 8	Saturday,	30 min. af. 12
Wedneſday,	36 m. aft. 9	Lord's Day,	28 m. aft. 1
Thurſday,	37 min. af. 10	Full M. 2 Day 1 Morn.	

MASSACHUSETTS SPY.

To all Lovers *of* NEWS, POLITICKS, true LIBERTY, *and the* FREEDOM *of the* PRESS.

THE Maſſachuſetts Spy, *open to* all *Parties, but influenced by None*, which was propoſed to be publiſhed on Tueſdays, will, at the Requeſt of a great Number of the Subſcribers for that Paper, be publiſhed every THURSDAY; by which Means the Publiſher will have the Advantage of inſerting what News may be brought by the *Hartford Poſt*, who arrives on Wedneſday Evenings. The firſt Number of the Enlargement will be publiſhed on the 7th Day of March next. All thoſe who are kind enough to encourage this Undertaking, are deſired to give in their Names as ſoon as they conveniently can.

N. B. The SPY will be printed on Demy Paper, every Number to contain four Pages large Folio, and every Page four Columns. The Price *Six Shillings and eight Pence*, Lawful Money per Annum, one half to be paid on the Delivery of the firſt Paper, and the other half at the Expiration of the Year after ſaid Publication.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in by *I. Thomas*, Printer and Publiſher at his Printing-Office in Union-Street, near the Market. Alſo, by Mr. *Z. Fowle*, in Back-ſtreet; Mr. *A. Barclay*, Bookſeller in Cornhill; Meſſrs. *Kneeland & Adams*, Printers, in Milk-ſtreet; Mr. *J. Boyles* in Marlborough-ſtreet; Mr. *D. Kneeland*, Printer, Head of Queen Street. Mr. *W. Calder*, Painter, and Mr. *J. Larkin*, Chairmaker, in *Charleſtown*; Mr. *J. Hiller*, Watchmaker in *Salem*; Mr. *M. Belcher*, in *Bridgwater*; and others with whom Subſcription Papers are left.

Boſton, February 18, 1771.

To the PUBLIC.

That the *POST-STAGE* from and to Portſmouth in New-Hampſhire, lately put up at the Sign of the Admiral Vernon in King-Street, Boſton, is now removed to Mrs. Bean's at the Sign of the Ship on Launch, in the ſaid Street, where it arrives on Wedneſdays, and ſets out for Portſmouth every Friday, by which Paſſengers and Packages will be carefully convey'd, by the Publick's moſt obedient, and very humble Servants.

JOHN STAVERS,
BENJAMIN HART.

Feb. 15, 1771.

TO BE LETT,

A Dwelling-Houſe in Cambridge,

about three Quarters of a Mile from the College, and Meeting-Houſe; not ſo far from the Church—Together with a Barn, and about 18 Acres of good Land, conſiſting of Orchard, Paſturage, Tillage and Mowing Ground, conveniently ſituated for a Place of Retirement from the Noiſe and Unhealthineſs of the Town. Enquire of the Printers.

To be Sold in Temple-Street, Weſt Part of Boſton,

A *Convenient Dwelling-Houſe, with two Rooms on a Floor, a Brick Bakehouſe with two large Ovens, bolting Mills, a large Bread Room, a Stable, Flour Houſe, and a good Well of Water, together with a Garden. The Land* 90 *Feet ſquare. For further Particulars, enquire of Edes & Gill.*

At £.6 10s. Old Tenor per Hundred,

A Quantity of new Philadelphia

FLOUR to be Sold at *Joſeph Palmer*'s Store on *Minot*'s T. Alſo, a few Barrels of ſuperfine FLOUR.

To be ſold at Public Sale, on the Twentieth Day of March next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at the late Dwelling-Houſe of Caleb Dana, jun. deceaſed,

A Variety of Houſhold Furniture,

Huſbandry Utenſils, a Chaiſe, and alſo a large Quantity of choice Sole and Upper Leather in ſmall Lots, about 100lb in each Lot, being the Eſtate of the ſaid Caleb Dana.

SARAH DANA
Adminiſtratrix of ſaid Eſtate.

Cambridge, Feb. 16, 1771.

A wet Nurſe, with a good Breaſt

of young Milk, about four Miles from Boſton, would take a Child to ſuckle. For further Information, inquire of Edes and Gill.

All Perſons indebted to the Eſtate

of John Pulling, late of Boſton, deceaſed, are deſired to make Payment to Jeruſha Pulling and John Pulling, Executors to ſaid Eſtate, and thoſe who have any Demands thereon, are deſired to bring in their Accounts to ſaid Executors in order for Settlement.

Boſton, Feb. 15th, 1771.

Whereas Dorcas, *the Wife of me the Subſcriber, has behaved in a very unbecoming Manner, and threatens further to involve me in Difficulties:* THIS is therefore to forbid all Perſons from truſting her on my Account, as I will not pay Debts of her contracting from henceforward.

Boſton, Feb. 12, 1771. DAVID OSBORN.

TO BE SOLD BY

JOSEPH HALL,

In Cole-Lane, oppoſite Mr. *Winſlows*'s Diſtill Houſe, By Wholeſale or Retail.

New-England and Weſt-India

RUM, old Jamaica Spirits, Brandy, Wine, Cinnamon, Clove, Anniſeed & Snake Root Waters, Lemons by the Box or Hundred, & all Kinds of Groceries at the loweſt Rates.

A young hearty Woman, with a good young Breaſt of Milk,

that can be well recommended, would go into a Gentleman's Family to ſuckle.

Enquire of Edes and Gill.

HIS Majeſty's Poſt-Maſter General, having (for the better facilitating of Correſpondence between Great Britain and America) been pleaſed to add a fifth Packet-Boat to the Station between Falmouth and New-York: Notice is hereby given, That the Mail for the future, will be cloſed at the Poſt-Office in New-York, at Twelve of the Clock at Night, on the firſt Tueſday in every Month, and diſpatched by a Packet the next Day for Falmouth.

By Command of the D. Poſt-Maſter General,
ALEXANDER COLDEN, *Sec'ry.*

General Poſt-Office, New-York, Jan. 22, 1771.

TO BE SOLD,

A handy Sloop about 70 Tons

Burthen. Enquire of Edes and Gill.

The Noble Science of DEFENCE,

commonly called the BACK-SWORD,

IS taught by DONALD McALPINE, at Mr. Joſeph Northup's, Silk-Dyer, near the Mill-Bridge, and leading down to the New Mills——Where Gentlemen may be inſtructed at any Hour. He propoſes teaching on Evenings, for the Benefit of thoſe whoſe Buſineſs will not permit them to attend in the Day-Time.

FYAL WINES, newly imported,

TO BE SOLD AT

Blanchard's Wine-Cellar,

Dock-Square,
BOSTON,

With all other Sorts of genuine neat Wine, uſually imported into this Market.

Weſt-India-Rum—Old Spirit—Brandy.

Briſtol Beer, Taunton Ale, and London Porter, at a Piſtereen a Bottle, or Two Dollars per Dozen.

Choice Flaſk Oyl, at 14s. old Tenor per Flaſk.

All Perſons who have Demands

on the Eſtate of the late Mr. *George Holmes* of *Boſton*, Diſtiller, deceaſed, and all indebted to ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to apply to the Subſcriber, ſole ſurviving Executor to the ſame, in order for Settlement.

BENJAMIN MULBERRY HOLMES.

*** Likewiſe all Perſons who have Demands on the Eſtate of the late Mrs. *Ann Holmes*, Widow, and thoſe indebted to her, are deſired to apply as above.

TO BE LETT,

A convenient Brick Dwelling-

Houſe, near the Chapel in School-Street, three Rooms on a Floor, & in very good Repair. Inquire of Edes & Gill.

All Perſons who are indebted to

Mr. Thomas Lee, are deſired to pay their reſpective Ballances to the Subſcriber, living in Ann-Street; and thoſe to whom he is indebted, to apply to her for Payment.

Boſton, Jan. 20, 1771. JANE LEE.

A Parcel of the beſt Ruſſia Duck;

ALSO,

A large Aſſortment of moſt valuable

DRUGS and MEDICINES, warranted genuine; and a very beautiful and compleat Cheſt of MEDICINES, with Directions. ALSO,

Cinnamon, Mace, Cloves and Nutmegs,

and two Caſks of Jamaica RUM Twelve Months old, will be ſold very cheap for the Caſh, by the above JANE LEE.

A likely Negro Boy, about 15

Years of Age, that can be well recommended is wanted.

Enquire of Edes and Gill.

WILLIAM BILLINGS

TAKES this Method to inform the Public, that his Compoſition of Church-Muſick intitled, The NEW ENGLAND PSALM SINGER, is publiſhed, and to be had at Edes and Gill's Printing Office in Queen Street; at Deacon Elliot's under Liberty-Tree; at Mr. Joſiah Flagg's in Fiſh-Street; and at Mr. Gillam Baſs's, near the Flat Conduit—where Subſcribers and other Purchaſers may apply for Books.——Thoſe Perſons that have Subſcription Papers in their Hands, are deſired to leave them at Edes and Gill's Office; and in ſo doing, they will oblige their humble Servant,

WILLIAM BILLINGS.

P. S. Any Gentlemen Subſcribers, or others that incline to purchaſe, who reſide in the County of Plymouth, may be ſupply'd by applying to Capt. Joſeph Cuſhing in Hanover, near North-River Bridge.

Beſt Sperma Ceti Candles,

Warranted Pure,

MADE AND SOLD by JOHN LANGDON in *Fleet-Street*, above HANCOCK's *Wharf*, near the *Old North Meeting-Houſe*. He alſo ſells the *beſt Refin'd Sperma Ceti Oil* by the Barrel. Beſt *Tallow Candles* mould and dipp'd, and Bayberry Wax Candles. ALL *as low as they can be had at any Place in Town.*

To the impartial PUBLICK.

IT is with great reluctance I appear in print, but it is become neceſſary, as I have been repreſented to the Publick in an odious light, by a ſet of men who cannot bear any ſhould live but themſelves.

To ſet this affair in a clear light, it is proper to acquaint the Publick; that about twelve months ago I ſet up an Apothecary's ſhop in Worceſter, *which was diſagreeable to a certain number of men who would if poſſible monopolize (to themſelves) all the Profits of the Town.*

In this ſituation my conduct was narrowly inſpected, and unfortunately for me I gave them an opportunity, by taking up the body of one Linſey, *who was executed on the 25th of October laſt, with no other view than the advantage of having a ſkeleton in town, whereby other ſurgeons, and myſelf, might gain further Knowledge of the human ſtructure.*

At this they rejoiced, proclaiming I had done for myſelf. I muſt leave the town, I ought to be hanged, &c. till they enraged ſome people to ſuch a degree, that a number, after conſulting lawyers to know if I had laid myſelf open to the law, (reſolving to proſecute me without mercy,) finding I had not, they came in a riotous manner to my houſe, demanding the body, which I deliver'd; deſiring they would keep it cover'd, as it was not in a condition to be ſeen; inſtead of taking my advice, (with a view to irritate the minds of the people) they expoſed it the remainder of the day to as many as they could collect, which had the deſired effect, ſo much that they ſurrounded my houſe ſoon after, in the night, blowing horns, ringing bells, hanging up a dead bitch before my door, &c.

Notwithſtanding all they did, the thinking part of the people conſidering my ultimate deſign was to get knowledge, which would tend to the publick good, my practice and cuſtom return'd as formerly. But being hitherto baffled in their attempts, they publiſhed an anonymous advertiſement reſpecting me, as uſeing the body in an inhuman manner, and contrary to his deſire. I can make oath I did not know his deſire (it was known only to a few) till after the affair happen'd.

And that their advertiſement might take the greateſt effect, they inform you it is truth and atteſted by five reſpectable gentlemen: theſe gentlemen I allow to be as worthy as any, and I believe the Publick will think ſo; when they were inform'd, they were requeſted to ſign their advertiſement, but one and all refuſed, on account of its being a ſpiteful, ill-natured malicious thing.

Having repreſented the facts juſt & truly as they were, I leave it to the impartial Publick; whether or not I ought to be repreſented to the world in ſuch an infamous manner, as theſe men and their dependants have done.

After examining the whole with candor, I hope my friends and cuſtomers will ſee through their evil deſign, and continue their favours as uſual.

I remain the Publick's moſt obedient humble Servant,
ELIJAH DIX.

TO BE SOLD,

AT Menotomy, about Six Miles from Boſton, a large House that was formerly built for a Tavern, with upwards of ſeven Acres of Land, a Barn, a good Garden, and an excellent Well of Water. It is about a Quarter of a Mile from the Meeting Houſe. Enquire of Edes and Gill.

WE the Subſcribers being appointed Commiſſioners by the Honorable *Foſter Hutchinſon*, Eſq; Judge of Probate for the County of Suffolk, to examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Eſtate of Mr. William Tilly, late of Boſton, in the County of Suffolk, Merchant, deceas'd—GIVE NOTICE, that we ſhall attend ſaid Service at Mr. John Colman's, at the Sign of General Wolf, from 6 to 9 o'Clock the ſecond Monday of this and the five following Months.

Feb. 9, 1771. MOSES DESHON, JACOB WENDELL.

ABRAHAM HUNT

TAKES this Method of informing the Public, That he undertakes to Refine Wines in the moſt effectual Manner, and in Caſe they ſhould be upon the Fret, to reſtore them to their former quiet State: Likewiſe to rack off and refine Cyders in the beſt Manner; and (if deſired) to preſerve them in Caſks for drinking well thro' the preſent Year. Alſo to Bottle Wine and Cyder in the beſt Manner.

N. B. Said Hunt has to ſell at his Cellar under the Old Brick Meeting-Houſe, Madeira Wine by the Pipe or Quarter Caſk—Likewiſe choice Cyder by the Groce or Dozen——and may be ſpoke with at the Dwelling Houſe of Edmund Quincy, near the Poſt-Office.

Choice FIRKIN BUTTER, to

be Sold by ENOCH GREENLEAF at the South End, near the Hay-Market. Oct. 29. t. b. c. t. f.

CHOICE CHOCOLATE made and Sold by *John Goldſmith*, at the Corner Shop leading down *John Hancock*, Eſq'rs; Wharff, by the large or ſmall Quantities.—Alſo all Sorts of Groceries.

The Chocolate will be warranted good, and ſold at the cheapeſt Rates.—Caſh given for Cocoa.

Cocoa manufactured for Gentlemen in the beſt Manner.

ALSO, Choice COCOA and Cocoa Nut Shells.

A Philadelphia STOVE, to be

Sold. Inquire of Edes & Gill.

A few Casks of Claret, a few ſmall

Caſks of French Brandy, and ſome beſt Caſtile Soap in Boxes. Enquire of JOHN HOMER, at Store No. 2, in the Long-Wharf. tbeff.

Boſton, Printed by EDES & GILL, *in Queen-Street.* 1771.